CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1.-25. (Cancelled)

26. (New) A method of construction for concrete beams or walls comprising the following steps of:

(a) setting rows of a plurality of boxing modules in an end to end relationship to create formwork;

(b) fastening adjoining surfaces or abutting ends of the modules or panels;

(c) spacing the formwork by a plurality of spacers which span between the module panels and are fixed by bolts, or push in ties;

(d) some individual modules or panels which are transversely opposed are placed and connected to the inner front face of the modules which are spaced and tied;

(e) the spaced and tied modules to individual module or panel relationship can be assembled in a variety of formations;

(f) bracing and strengthening the formwork as required with straps, beams or angle irons which can also accept spacers and ties which can abut and connect to modules or panels;

(g) setting reinforcement means between the formwork as required; and

(h) pouring concrete or any other settable substance into the formwork.

27. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the spacer may be a hollow tubular member or push in ties made up of components as required.

28. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the boxing modules are joined utilising slots in side and end walls of the modules from which quick release clamping devices can be prised out.

29. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein push in ties which can attach modules to panels on any vertical or horizontal connectable edge.

30. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the quick release clamping device is a wedge which can be prized out.

31. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the straps, beams and angle irons can connect to spaced and tied modules as well as individual modules or panels and also act as a clamping devise.

32. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the individual module comprises a rectilinear front face, a peripheral border wall extending from the front face, two spaced pairs of bolt sockets in major surfaces of the module and a plurality of opposed slots in the spherical border walls of the module which can connect or abut to panels which do not have these features.

33. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein individual transversely opposed modules or panels connected or abutted to spaced and tied modules.

34. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the spaced and tied modules to individual panel or module relationship comprises in any consecutive row of formwork is in reverse formation to the row above it or below it or on a horizontal or vertical plane.

35. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the formwork is reinforced by elongated straps, beams or angle irons.

36. (New) A method as claimed in claim 35 wherein the elements of the straps, beams or angle irons are adjusted to increase the strength of the same.

37. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein this relationship spaced and tied modules can be surrounded by individual transversely opposed modules or panels in a continual formation or even in a staggered formation.

38. (New) A method of creating a formwork for a horizontal column from a plurality of modules supporting the formwork from a load bearing surface below and integrating the columns with a floor slab.

39. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the straps, beams and angle irons can accept ties, to increase strength of the same.

40. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 26 wherein the joined boxing modules are made parallel by a plurality of spaces spanning between the modules which are supporting or abutting various connectable surfaces of the unspaced and untied individual module or panel.

41. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the spaced and tied modules to individual module or panel relationship can alternate in formation continuously in any one row.

42. (New) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the spaced and tied module to panel relationship can be in a vertical or horizontal stacked formation.

43. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 26 wherein the formwork is braced and stiffened internally by vertical and horizontal reinforcement bars connected to the spaced ties and externally by straps or beams or angle irons, or any combination of the three.

44. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 43 wherein the bracing devices can be vertical, horizontal or angular.

45. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 39 wherein the boxing modules are rota-moulded.

46. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 26 wherein external corners joined or abutted can create vertical columns.

47. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 45 wherein the modules are provided with internal or external stiffening.

48. (New) A formwork as claimed in claim 39 including vertical and horizontal reinforcing bars which extend from the ends and top and bottom surfaces of the formwork and if connected to the spaced ties help further stiffen the formwork.